

IMIDAZO[1,2-d]TETRAZOLE AND TETRAZOLO[1,5-a]BENZIMIDAZOLE

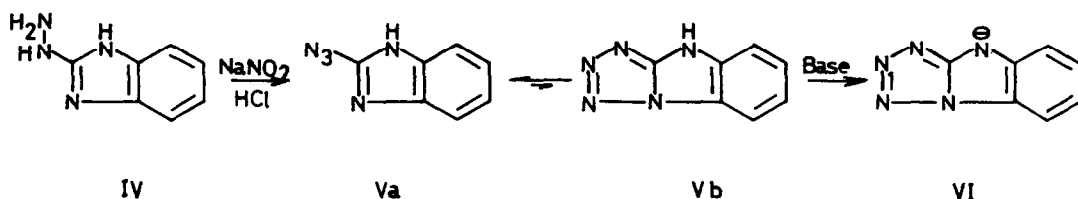
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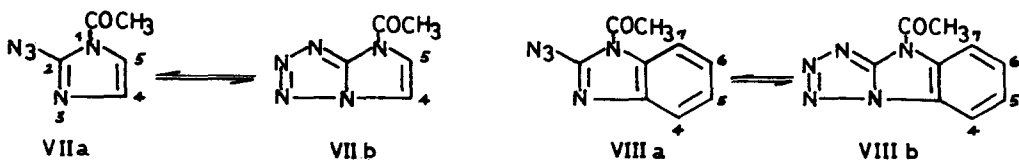
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Research into azapentales<sup>1</sup> has been extended to the 1,2,3,3a,6-penta-azapentalenes IIb and Vb. The azidoazoles IIa and Va were prepared from I and IV as indicated. IR and NMR spectra show that the neutral molecules II and V exist as expected<sup>2</sup> only as the azides IIa and Va:  $\nu_{as N_3}$  occurred for both compounds at 2200-2130  $cm^{-1}$  in KBr,  $CHCl_3$  and DMSO, and all NMR signals were attributable to the structures IIa ( $A_2$  system) and Va (AA'BB' system).



However, the equilibrium is completely shifted to the tetrazole form in the corresponding anions III and VI [See reference 3 for the azidopyrazole anions]. Infrared spectra in EtONa-EtOH showed the disappearance of the azido band and the NMR in DMSO-NaH indicated the presence of AB ( $J_{AB} = 1.2$  Hz) and ABCD systems for III and VI.

The azidoazoles with acetic anhydride gave the acetyl derivatives VII and VIII which exist as an equilibrium between the azido and tetrazole forms.



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The equilibrium ratio of azide/tetrazole in DMSO- $d_6$  is 3/2 for both compounds VII and VIII. At high temperature the proportion of azido form increases. In  $CDCl_3$  we observed for VII only the azido form and for VIII a mixture of azide and tetrazole in the ratio 10/1. In the solid state VIIa isomerises to the tetrazole VIIb which on melting reverts to the azido form. [See reference 4 for similar examples in six membered rings]. The influence of N-acyl substituents on the azide/tetrazole relationship is now under investigation, but it is worth noting that in the case of 1-acetyl-3-azidopyrazoles only the azido form has been detected<sup>3</sup>.

NMR of acetyl derivatives.

Compound	VIIa	VIIb	VIIIa	VIIIb
$CDCl_3$	2.58 (COCH <sub>3</sub> ) 6.86 (H <sub>4</sub> ) 7.38 (H <sub>5</sub> ) J <sub>4,5</sub> = 2Hz	-	2.68 (COCH <sub>3</sub> ) 7.2-7.7 (H <sub>4,5,6</sub> ) 8.16 (H <sub>7</sub> )	2.98 (COCH <sub>3</sub> ) 7.2-7.7 (H <sub>4,5,6</sub> ) 8.53 (H <sub>7</sub> )
DMSO- $d_6$	2.56 (COCH <sub>3</sub> ) 6.89 (H <sub>4</sub> ) 7.51 (H <sub>5</sub> ) J <sub>4,5</sub> = 2Hz	2.78 (COCH <sub>3</sub> ) 8.06 (H <sub>4</sub> ) 8.32 (H <sub>5</sub> ) J <sub>4,5</sub> = 2.8Hz	2.63 (COCH <sub>3</sub> ) 7.2-7.7 (H <sub>4,5,6</sub> ) 8.06 (H <sub>7</sub> )	2.86 (COCH <sub>3</sub> ) 7.2-7.7 (H <sub>4,5,6</sub> ) 8.58 (H <sub>7</sub> )

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#### REFERENCES

- The present paper constitutes the XXII publication of the "Aromatic systems with 10 $\pi$  electrons derived from 3a-azapentalene" series and the X paper of "Azolidines" series.
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